4164-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

[Docket No. FDA-2020-N-1413]

Michael Gurry: Final Debarment Order

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA or Agency) is issuing an order under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FD&C Act) permanently debarring Michael Gurry from providing services in any capacity to a person that has an approved or pending drug product application. FDA bases this order on a finding that Mr. Gurry was convicted of a felony under Federal law for conduct that relates to the regulation of a drug product under the FD&C Act. Mr. Gurry was given notice of the proposed permanent debarment and an opportunity to request a hearing to show why he should not be debarred. As of October 22, 2020 (30 days after receipt of the notice), Mr. Gurry had not responded. Mr. Gurry's failure to respond and request a hearing constitutes a waiver of his right to a hearing concerning this action.

DATES: This order is applicable [INSERT DATE OF PUBLICATION IN THE *FEDERAL REGISTER*].

ADDRESSES: Submit applications for termination of debarment to the Dockets Management Staff, Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, Rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852, 240-402-7500, or at https://www.regulations.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jaime Espinosa (ELEM-4029) Division of Enforcement, Office of Strategic Planning and Operational Policy, Office of Regulatory Affairs, Food and Drug Administration, 12420 Parklawn Drive, Rockville, MD 20857, 240-402-8743, debarments@fda.hhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

Section 306(a)(2)(B) of the FD&C Act (21 U.S.C. 335a(a)(2)(B)) requires debarment of an individual from providing services in any capacity to a person that has an approved or pending drug product application if FDA finds that the individual has been convicted of a felony under Federal law for conduct relating to the regulation of any drug product under the FD&C Act. On January 13, 2020, Mr. Gurry was convicted as defined in section 306(*l*)(1) of the FD&C Act when judgment was entered against him in the U.S. District Court for the District of Massachusetts, after a jury verdict, on one count of racketeering conspiracy in violation of 18 U.S.C. 1962(d). The pattern of racketeering activity he was convicted of included engaging in multiple acts of mail fraud (18 U.S.C. 1341) and wire fraud (18 U.S.C. 1343).

The factual basis for this conviction is as follows: Mr. Gurry held executive management positions, to include Vice President of Managed Markets, of Insys Therapeutics Inc. (Insys), a Delaware Corporation, with headquarters in Chandler, Arizona. Insys developed and owned a drug called SUBSYS, a liquid formulation of fentanyl to be applied under the tongue. FDA approved SUBSYS for the management of breakthrough pain in adult cancer patients who are already receiving and are already tolerant to opioid therapy for their underlying persistent cancer pain. From early 2012 and continuing through 2015, Mr. Gurry participated in a conspiracy whereby employees of Insys bribed medical practitioners in various states to get those practitioners to increase prescribing SUBSYS to their patients, many of whom did not have cancer. Mr. Gurry, along with his coconspirators, measured the effect of these bribes on each practitioner's prescribing habits and on the revenue that each bribed practitioner generated for Insys. Mr. Gurry, along with his coconspirators, reduced or eliminated bribes paid to those practitioners who failed to meet the minimum prescription requirements or failed to generate enough revenue to justify additional bribes. To further this conspiracy, Mr. Gurry and his coconspirators misled and defrauded health insurance providers to ensure those providers approved payment for SUBSYS. Insys achieved this goal by establishing the "Insys

Reimbursement Center", which was designed to shift the burden of seeking prior authorization for SUBSYS from practitioners to Insys. This allowed Insys to determine what medical information was presented to insurers. Mr. Gurry and his coconspirators directed Insys employees to mislead insurers to obtain payment authorization.

As a result of this conviction, FDA sent Mr. Gurry, by United Parcel Service, on September 21, 2020, a notice proposing to permanently debar him from providing services in any capacity to a person that has an approved or pending drug product application. The proposal was based on a finding, under section 306(a)(2)(B) of the FD&C Act, that Mr. Gurry was convicted of a felony under Federal law for conduct relating to the regulation of a drug product under the FD&C Act. The proposal also offered Mr. Gurry an opportunity to request a hearing, providing him 30 days from the date of receipt of the letter in which to file the request, and advised him that failure to request a hearing constituted an election not to use the opportunity for a hearing and a waiver of any contentions concerning this action. Mr. Gurry received the proposal on September 22, 2020. He did not request a hearing within the timeframe prescribed by regulation and has, therefore, waived his opportunity for a hearing and any contentions concerning his debarment (21 CFR part 12).

II. Findings and Order

Therefore, the Assistant Commissioner, Office of Human and Animal Food Operations, under section 306(a)(2)(B) of the FD&C Act, under authority delegated to the Assistant Commissioner, finds that Mr. Gurry has been convicted of a felony under Federal law for conduct otherwise relating to the regulation of a drug product under the FD&C Act.

As a result of the foregoing finding, Mr. Gurry is permanently debarred from providing services in any capacity to a person with an approved or pending drug product application, effective (see DATES) (see sections 306(a)(2)(B) and (c)(2)(A)(ii) of the FD&C Act). Any person with an approved or pending drug product application who knowingly employs or retains as a consultant or contractor, or otherwise uses the services of Mr. Gurry in any capacity during

his debarment, will be subject to civil money penalties (section 307(a)(6) of the FD&C Act (21

U.S.C. 335b(a)(6))). If Mr. Gurry provides services in any capacity to a person with an approved

or pending drug product application during his period of debarment, he will be subject to civil

money penalties (section 307(a)(7) of the FD&C Act). In addition, FDA will not accept or

review any abbreviated new drug application from Mr. Gurry during his period of debarment,

other than in connection with an audit under section 306 of the FD&C Act (section 306(c)(1)(B)

of the FD&C Act). Note that, for purposes of section 306 of the FD&C Act, a "drug product" is

defined as a drug subject to regulation under section 505, 512, or 802 of the FD&C Act (21

U.S.C. 355, 360b, or 382) or under section 351 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262)

(section 201(dd) of the FD&C Act (21 U.S.C. 321(dd))).

Any application by Mr. Gurry for special termination of debarment under section

306(d)(4) of the FD&C Act should be identified with Docket No. FDA-2020-N-1413 and sent to

the Dockets Management Staff (see ADDRESSES). The public availability of information in

these submissions is governed by 21 CFR 10.20.

Publicly available submissions will be placed in the docket and will be viewable at

https://www.regulations.gov or at the Dockets Management Staff (see ADDRESSES) between 9

a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, 240-402-7500.

Dated: February 25, 2021.

Lauren K. Roth,

Acting Principal Associate Commissioner for Policy.

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